# Atmospheric Vapor Extraction Device

**Problem Definition and Project Plan** 

Adnan Alhashim, Nathan Allred, Essa Alowis Travis Butterly, Andy McPhail, Nate Ogbasellasie

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# Overview

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## Introduction

- Chris Allender, an NAU Biological Sciences graduate student, wants us to build a device to study atmospheric vapor extraction
- Only around 2.5% of the earth's water is freshwater, 1% of this is easily accessible (Clean Water Crisis)
- There is a relatively untapped resource of water in the atmosphere

## Need Statement

There is not enough research to determine if extracting water from air is a viable option in arid environments.

# **Project Goal**

Create an atmospheric vapor extraction device for researching optimal operating conditions.

## Objectives

rqmt. #	Function	Engineering Requirement	Unit of Measure
1	Collection	collect water	kg
2	Portable	small enough to move	m^3
3	Low Cost	low cost to build	\$

#### Constraints

rqmt. #	Function	Engineering Requirement	Unit of Measure	Value
1	Sensing	equip enough sensors	#	
2	Data Logging	enough data storage	MB	
3	Production	cost of production	\$	<1,000
4	Power Usage	limit power to avg home	W	
5	Power Source	must not use 220v power source	Y/N	

# **Quality Function Deployment**

		Engineering Requirements										
		Weight	Volume	Part Count	Power Usage	Sensor Count						
	Portable	Х	Х		Х							
	Inexpensive	Х		Х		Х						
Customer Needs	Able to Log Data					Х						
	Runs Continuously				Х							
	Efficient				Х							

## House of Quality

		Engineering Requirements									
		Weight	Volume	Part Count	Power Usage	Sensor Count					
	Weight		Х	Х		Х					
	Volume			Х		Х					
Engineering Requirements	Part Count					Х					
	Power Usage										
	Sensor Count										

## **Project Planning**

	completed in progress coming		Weeks													
A	Tasks	1	2	3	4 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	.12	13	14	15	16
1	Problem Definition and Project Plan				1	1	1 - D	8								8
1.1	Need Statement					2	12 8	1	3						5	
1.2	Project Goals						1	2 3								
1.2.1	Objectives															
1.2.2	Constraints			[]												
1.2.3	Quality Function Deployment															
1.2.3.1	Engineering Requirements															1
1.2.3.2	Customer Requirements				1			8 3								6
1.3	State Of The Art						8	3 3	0							Ç. U
2	Concept Generation and Selection						8 9	8								8
2.1	Engineering and economic analysis/ concepts						13 - 3		8						3	
2.1.1	Filter through the possible designs				8		1. 1	2 4								1
2.2	Research power requirements															
2.3	Design concepts assembly															
2.4	Material selection															
2.5	Assembly planning						1									1
2.6	Location selection						1		4							
3	Proof of Concept Demonstrations						10 A									
3.1	Prototype assembly						2 D									
3.1.1	Test 1 design analysis data						3 3	1	0	1						
4	Project Proposal	3					1 3	2 8	1							
4.1	Economic analysis						19 0	8 8					1		1	
4.2	Proposal						8 8	0								
	Tasks Due Date											10				
	Problem Definition and Project Plan Presentations			21-	Sep											
	Concept Generation and Selection Presentations							19-Oct								
	Proof of Concept Demonstrations											16-Nov				
	Project Proposal Presentations															7-Dec
	Final Report					1		2 3	1000							7-Dec

# State of the Art Research

- The team looked into various ways of collecting vapor
- Patents have been made for devices that perform similar functions (Rosenthal 1999)
- The main uses for these devices have been for emergency situations and where pipelines are impractical (Aqua Sciences)

## Conclusions

- The client is Chris Allender, an NAU Biological Sciences graduate student
- There is not enough research to determine if extracting water from air is a viable option in arid environments
- An atmospheric vapor extraction device for could be used to research optimal operating conditions
- The device should collect water from the atmosphere, be small enough to transport, and be low cost to build
- The device must log data from sensors, stay under \$1,000 to produce, and limit power use while avoiding 220v requirements

#### References

Atmospheric Water Extractor and Method. Richard A. Rosenthal, assignee. Patent US 5857344 A. 12 Jan. 1999. Print.

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